

HAWAII STATE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY 1177 Alakea Street, Suite 402 • Honolulu, HI 96813 • Phone: (808) 587-0788 • www.shpda.org West Oahu Subarea Health Planning Council

Meeting Minutes

May 15, 2024 | 12:30 PM Hawaii Time Virtually via Zoom and Physical Meeting Location at The Keoni Ana Building, 1177 Alakea Street, Suite 402

MEMBERS: Eric Barsatan Camonia Graham-Tutt, Beverly Inocencio, Paul Roeder, Frederick Shaw

MEMBERS ABSENT: Mae Patricia La Chica, Jay Raymundo

GUESTS: None

SHPDA: Jack Lewin, Wendy Nihoa

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF APPOINTED MEMBERS

Date	9/21/22	11/30/22	1/25/23	3/15/23	5/24/23	7/18/23	11/15/23	3/20/24	5/15/24
Eric Barsatan	0	0	X	Х	0	X	X	X	X
*Camonia Graham-Tutt	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	X
Beverly Inocencio	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	0	X	Х
**Mae Patricia La Chica	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	X	0	0
Jay Raymundo	0	0	X	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paul Roeder	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X
Frederick Shaw	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X=Present; O=Absent; /=No Meeting

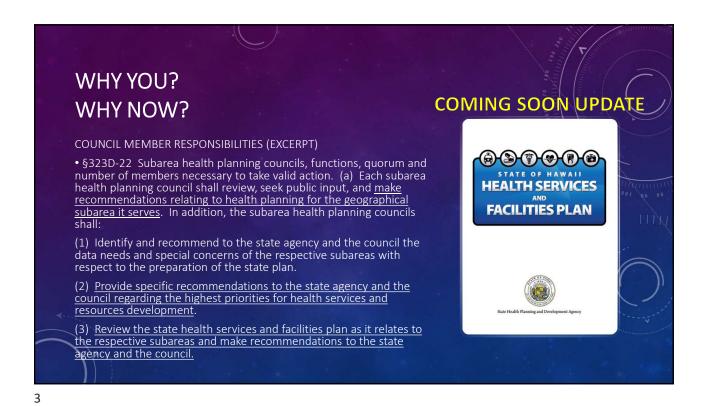
*-Chair, **-Vice Chair

TOPIC	DISCUSSION	ACTION
Call to Order	The meeting was called to order at 12:32 p.m. with C. Graham-Tutt, Chair, West Oahu Subarea Health Planning Council (WOSAC) presiding.	
Roll Call/Introductions	Member roll call.	
Meeting Minutes	Motion to accept the minutes from the meeting on March 20, 2023. Vote: Unanimous. Motion carried. Public testimony – None.	
Administrator's Report	The Administrator's Report was distributed and reviewed.	
State Health Planning and Development Agency (SHPDA) Updates	J. Lewin, SHPDA Administrator, provided the following updates: 2024 Legislative Session. Senate Bill 2285. This measure amends the functions and duties of SHPDA. Clarifies the definition of "health care". Establishes a task force known as Hui Ho'omana. Establishes positions and appropriates funds. Bill was tabled in conference committee; referred to the 2025 Legislative Session.	
	Senate Bill 1035. This measure is a general excise tax exemption for health care providers. If passed, Hawaii will become one of two states with a law exempting medical and dental services provided by health care providers to patients who receive Medicaid, Medicare, or TRICARE benefits from the general excise tax.	
	The States Advancing All-Payer Health Equity Approaches and Development Model (AHEAD) Grant. The Hawaii AHEAD Team (SHPDA and the Department of Human Services-MedQUEST) applied for Cohort 2. Questions were received from CMS; the Hawaii AHEAD Team successfully submitted a response. The award notification is anticipated in mid-June 2024; grant starts on July 1, 2024. The grant's goal is to increase access across the state and reduce inequities. There will be eight grant awards total – five total for Cohorts 1 and 3, and three for Cohort 3. If Hawaii AHEAD does not receive an award this round, another round of applications for Cohort 3 is due in September 2024.	
	SHPDA is concerned with health care issues in West Oahu and will bring concerns of the WOSAC to the attention of others when necessary.	
	Public testimony – None.	
WOSAC Priorities 2024 and Beyond – Phase I – Prioritization	W. Nihoa, Comprehensive Health Planning Coordinator, SHPDA, provided a presentation of the prioritization process approved by the Plan Development	

Process	Committee of the Statewide Health Coordinating Council. A simplified copy of the presentation is hereby attached to these minutes.	
	Members were tasked with creating Individual Lists of Issues and Challenges over the next couple of weeks; and to be prepared to present their lists at the next meeting.	
	Public testimony – none.	
Statewide Health Coordinating Council (SHCC)	E. Barsatan confirmed as current WOSAC liaison to the SHCC.	
	Public testimony – None.	
Project: Health Care Job Fair	C. Graham-Tutt reported challenges with securing a venue for event and assessing if such an event is necessary. In the immediate future, the WOSAC will focus on determining priorities for West Oahu, which may help to assess the need for this project.	
	A discussion followed.	
	Public testimony – none.	
Announcements	SHPDA. In-Service on the Robert's Rules of Order has been cancelled and will be rescheduled.	
Next Meeting/Agenda	July 17, 2024, 12:30 p.m.	
Adjournment	The meeting was adjourned at 1:06 p.m.	





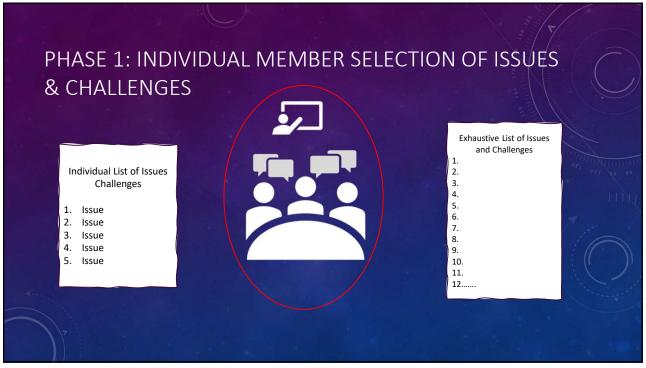


PRIORITY SELECTION-2-PHASE PROCESS
Developed by the HONSAC Plan Development Task Force and approved by the Plan
Development Committee, December 2023

PHASE 1:
Individual Member
Selection of Issues
& Challenges

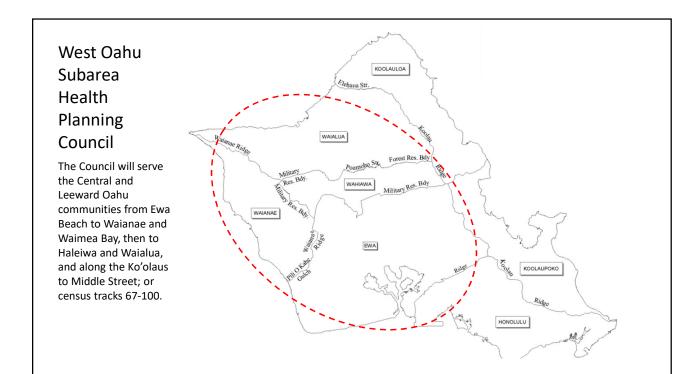
PHASE 2: Council
Selection of
Priorities













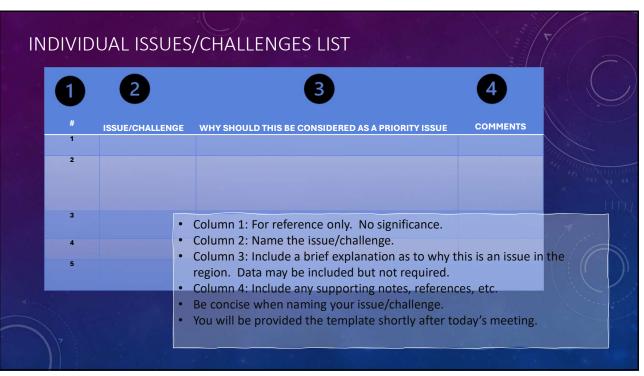
DEVELOPING YOUR LIST INDIVIDUAL ISSUES/CHALLENGES LIST

As one of our valued SAC members, we are relying on your valued expertise, experience and observations to complete this list.

When doing so:

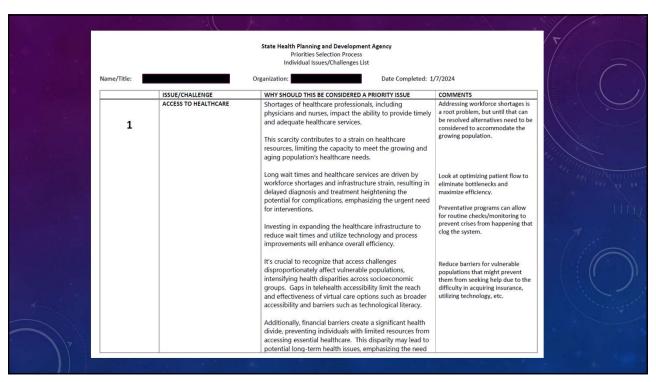
- a. Consider Issues/Challenges in the entire region you represent.
- b. Review Data (Quantitative & Qualitative) if/when possible.
- c. Issues/Challenges can be wide-ranging and broad but should have a <u>direct</u> connection to the health of the community.
- d. You may consult and gather information from your constituents.
- e. <u>Refrain</u> from consulting or having discussions with other SAC members.

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		State Health Planning and Development Agency Priorities Selection Process Individual Issues/Challenges List	
Name/Title:	Organizatio	on:	Date Completed: 1/9/2024
	ISSUE/CHALLENGE	WHY SHOULD THIS BE CONSIDERED A PRIORITY ISSUE	COMMENTS
1	Public and mental health equity especially for the underserved and the Asian American/Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (AANHPI) population	In the United States, 22.4 million people identify as Asian American, Native Hawaiian, or Pacific Islander. Of the Asian Americans reporting mental illness, only 25 percent received mental health care. There are several barriers to mental health care for this population. Access to mental health services is difficult due to language barriers, and there is stigma within this community about seeking mental health care. Asian Americans are three times less likely to seek mental health care than Caucasian Americans. Compounding these difficulties is the perceived lower need for mental health assistance for Asian Americans, and increased mental health needs following the COVID-19 pandemic, due in part to increased anti-Asian discrimination.	It is also a priority of the Biden Administration to provide health equity for the AANHPI communities.
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	ISSUE/CHALLENGE	WHY SHOULD THIS BE CONSIDERED A PRIORITY ISSUE	COMMENTS
1	Need more family/ caregiver support . Need more care options including Adult Day Care, increased access to home health and care in the home, respite care for families	Families and loved ones are overwhelmed. They cannot manage care of kupuna alone. This also can impact the safety of the senior and the caregivers. Burden on family with time, money., guilt and their own health . People may be forced to quit working or cut back on hours. We need expanded options and expanded personnel who can help including CHW and PHN.	E.g. Increase current family caregiver payment program through EOA, Respite programs families need to be greatly expanded. (See #3 below) 50% of Caregivers for dementia patients end up in the hospitals f themselves!!
			middle income group, those who don't qualify for Medicaid but are not super wealthy, we need options to fill in the gaps.
2	Need more Palliative Care and models of care for the seriously ill especially outside of institutions	We do not currently have comprehensive services before people reach hospice. We need to have holistic, supportive services as people age that correspond to their needs. This needs to be preventative – think ahead to prevent the crisis.	This must include navigation and case management. Hopefully the new MedQuest Palliative care benefit will pass and offer a robu option for Medicaid members.
3	Affordable housing	Kupuna need affordable housing as do those who will be caring for them.	We see the increase of homeless seniors. We know that health workers are unable to find affordable housing so who will ca for the kupuna?
4	Lack of health and healthcare literacy for patients, families and caregivers.	Lots of time is wasted as people try to figure out what is available, where to find care, what the options are. People need to know where to go for Information and Assistance.	People don't know what they dor know. Fits in with good navigation and case management.

Name/Title:	Name/Title: Organization: Date Completed: 12/6/2023				
	ISSUE/CHALLENGE	WHY SHOULD THIS BE CONSIDERED A PRIORITY ISSUE	COMMENTS		
1	Establish a progressively affordable, solvent, reliable, equitable, universal funding mechanism for long-term institutional and home & community-based care	Financing has implications for and touches EVERY aspect of long-term institutional and home & community-based care services, including: • Expansion of existing services and the development of new innovation service delivery modalities • Development of critically needed caregiver workforce • Quality assurance regulation (single source point for all payments) • Equitable and progressively affordable payments • Universal access Absent sound financing every other Kupuna care initiative is limited to band aid solutions with limited reach, compromised effectiveness, and siloed fragmentation.	 The current long-term care (LTC) funding system is unsustainable for both individuals and the government. It leaves many individuals with inadequate care and the government struggling to meet the growing needs of its aging population as a function of: Aging population: The number proportional share of older adults needing long-term care is increasing. Rising healthcare costs. Limited resources: Available financial resources to support long-term care are often restricted for both individuals and government. Institutional care, such as nursing homes and assisted living facilities, are expensive in Hawaii, often exceeding \$10,000 per month. This can quickl deplete personal savings and force individuals to rel on Medicaid or other assistance programs. Nursing homes: Average monthly cost in Hawaii: \$12,644 (Genworth 2023 Cost of Care Survey) Assisted living: Average monthly cost in 		



