



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NEIL ABERCROMBIE
GOVERNOR

LINDA ROSEN, MD, MPH
DIRECTOR

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

July 10, 2014

14-025

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH REACHES SETTLEMENT WITH CENTRAL MAUI LANDFILL AND MOLOKAI SOLID WASTE FACILITY

HONOLULU – The Hawaii State Department of Health (DOH) and the County of Maui Department of Environmental Management have reached a settlement on two enforcement cases concerning solid waste violations at the Central Maui Municipal Solid Waste Landfill and the Molokai Integrated Solid Waste Management Facility. The combined settlement involves a cash penalty payment of \$70,000 and a supplemental environmental project that is valued at not less than \$70,000.

The proposed supplemental project is a household hazardous waste collection program for the islands of Maui, Molokai and Lanai to be conducted during fiscal year 2015 (July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015). The County of Maui, the remaining county that currently lacks such a program, plans to continue the project beyond the inaugural year.

DOH cited the Central Maui Municipal Solid Waste Landfill with three counts of permit violations from January to April 2011 for failure to maintain leachate compliance levels in the leachate wet well and sump, and failure to monitor and record leachate levels after a storm event. The DOH initially imposed an administrative penalty of \$121,900 prior to the settlement. The facility is located off Pulehu Road in Puunene.

DOH cited the Molokai Integrated Solid Waste Management Facility with a two-count violation in April 2011 for failing to minimize liter generation and failure to place daily cover at the facility. An administrative penalty of \$20,955 was initially imposed prior to the settlement. The facility is located off Maunaloa Highway in Naiwa.

The County of Maui has completed all corrective actions stemming from the alleged violations.

###

About the Solid Waste Section

The Hawaii State Department of Health's Solid Waste Section regulates standards governing the design, construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of solid waste disposal, recycling, reclamation, and transfer systems. Such standards are intended to prevent pollution of the drinking water supply or waters of the state, prevent air pollution, prevent the spread of disease and the creation of nuisances, protect the public health and safety, conserve natural resources, and preserve and enhance the beauty and quality of the environment.

MEDIA CONTACTS:

Steve Chang

Solid and Hazardous Waste Branch

(808) 586-4226

Janice Okubo

Communications Office

(808) 586-4445